

WhoisXML API Now Offers 6 Files for its DNS Database Download Service

Posted on July 2, 2021

WhoisXML API made its DNS database download available in six different files, each for different DNS record types. Doing so makes the DNS database files easier to integrate and analyze and enables particular use cases.

The resource records you can download as database files are:

- A records: An A record directs a domain or subdomain to an IP address. It is possibly the most basic type of DNS record, as all domains should resolve to an IP address to become accessible.
- Mail exchanger (MX) records: This type of record specifies the mail server where email messages meant for a specific domain are accepted.
- Nameserver (NS) records: The NS record determines the authoritative DNS server for the domain name.
- **Text (TXT) records:** This type of DNS record was initially allotted for human-readable information about a domain that serves as notes for administrators. Its use has, however, evolved to include serial numbers, codes, and server names.
- **Canonical name (CNAME) records:** A CNAME allows website administrators to provide aliases to domain names by pointing them to another domain. The domain blog[.]example[.]com, for example, can be given the alias or CNAME example[.]com.
- Start of Authority (SOA) records: SOA records contain administrative details about a particular domain's zone. This record helps manage zone transfers and contains the primary nameserver, serial numbers, and timestamps.



This tutorial looks into the six types of DNS databases now available for download.

How to Access DNS Database Download

Accessing WhoisXML API's DNS databases requires a subscription. To get started, contact us or send an email to sales@whoisxmlapi.com. If you already have an account, follow the steps below.

- Go to https://reverse-ip.whoisxmlapi.com/database.
- Click the "Order database" button.

DNS Database Download: Gain access to the largest repository of active and passive DNS intelligence

DNS Database Download is an extensive resource with 2+ billion hostnames, with coverage going as far back as 2008 and 100+ million weekly record additions. The data feed's files are downloadable in CSV and MySQL formats for easy followup analysis with statistical software and integration into other system sources. 500 B Historic DNS Lookups 2 B Hostnames

Order database

• On the list of subscribed data feeds that appears, select DNS Database Download.



Directory of https://reverse-ip.whoisxmlapi.com/datafeeds/

Login successful.

4	Nov	08	2019	<u>All_Registered_Domains</u>
12288	Jun	14	16:59	DNS_Database_Download
152	0ct	15	2019	Daily_Website_Contacts_and_Categorization
36864	Jun	15	12:01	Disposable_Email_Domains
331776	Jun	16	06:16	<u>IP_Netblocks_WHOIS_Database</u>
9	Feb	24	17:03	<u>Newly_Registered_Domains</u>
8192	Jun	16	05:00	<u>Subdomains_Database</u>
233472	Jun	16	03:34	<u>Typosquatting_DataFeed</u>

• Select the type of DNS database you want to download. Clicking on a specific file name automatically starts the download.

Understanding the File Naming Conventions

The databases follow this file naming format: dns_[record type]_database.[date].[file type].csv.gz where:

- Record type: Refers to the resource record found in the database, such as A, SOA, TXT, NS, MX, or CNAME. For the DNS A Database, this field is left blank, so the name becomes dns_database.
- **Date:** The date when the file was generated.
- **File type:** This field could be "full," which means you will be downloading the entire database, regardless of date. It could also be "weekly.diff" or "monthly.diff," which means it only contains the new records found within the week or month specified.



2625498019 Jun 14 07:22 dns mx database.2021-06-14.full.csv.gz 59897726 Jun 14 14:00 dns mx database.2021-06-14.weekly.diff.csv.gz 8950307007 May 17 12:30 dns ns database.2021-05-17.full.csv.gz 161702626 May 18 07:09 dns ns database.2021-05-17.weekly.diff.csv.gz 8980382265 May 24 06:54 dns ns database.2021-05-24.full.csv.gz 128101182 May 24 15:46 dns ns database.2021-05-24.weekly.diff.csv.gz 8951269464 May 31 07:24 dns ns database.2021-05-31.full.csv.gz 109765467 May 31 16:23 dns ns database.2021-05-31.weekly.diff.csv.gz 8870237245 Jun 07 07:09 dns ns database.2021-06-07.full.csv.gz 411809490 Jun 07 19:05 dns_ns_database.2021-06-07.monthly.diff.csv.gz 30341533 Jun 07 18:04 dns ns database.2021-06-07.weekly.diff.csv.gz 8847911991 Jun 14 08:31 dns ns database.2021-06-14.full.csv.gz 161458750 Jun 14 14:31 dns ns database.2021-06-14.weekly.diff.csv.gz 4036592957 May 18 13:48 dns soa database.2021-05-17.full.csv.gz 4416727316 May 24 05:27 dns_soa_database.2021-05-24.full.csv.gz 814669103 May 24 15:21 dns soa database.2021-05-24.weekly.diff.csv.gz 4709084643 May 31 06:26 dns soa database.2021-05-31.full.csv.gz 868944728 May 31 15:55 dns soa database.2021-05-31.weekly.diff.csv.gz 4709084643 Jun 07 06:14 dns soa database.2021-06-07.full.csv.gz 4709084643 Jun 07 18:55 dns_soa_database.2021-06-07.monthly.diff.csv.gz 38 Jun 07 17:39 dns soa database.2021-06-07.weekly.diff.csv.gz 5023025555 Jun 14 06:53 dns soa database.2021-06-14.full.csv.gz 1036072321 Jun 14 14:12 dns soa database.2021-06-14.weekly.diff.csv.gz 3349652283 May 18 23:50 dns txt database.2021-05-17.full.csv.gz 4118093537 May 24 05:54 dns_txt_database.2021-05-24.full.csv.gz 3053675718 May 24 15:30 dns txt database.2021-05-24.weekly.diff.csv.gz 4707656441 May 31 06:26 dns txt database.2021-05-31.full.csv.gz 3101593871 May 31 16:05 dns txt database.2021-05-31.weekly.diff.csv.gz 4707656441 Jun 07 06:14 dns txt database.2021-06-07.full.csv.gz 4707656441 Jun 07 18:53 dns txt database.2021-06-07.monthly.diff.csv.gz 38 Jun 07 17:40 dns txt database.2021-06-07.weekly.diff.csv.gz 5254562769 Jun 14 06:52 dns txt database.2021-06-14.full.csv.gz 3265770199 Jun 14 14:24 dns txt database.2021-06-14.weekly.diff.csv.gz

DNS Databases Available from WhoisXML API



The six types of DNS databases we offer are discussed in detail below. More information can also be found here.

DNS A Database

Our DNS A Database contains the IP resolutions of domain names. These files are labeled "dns_database" on the main download page. The database has three columns, namely:

- d: Lists all domain names.
- du: The date and timestamp when the DNS record was last updated.
- **ips:** The IP addresses the domains resolve to. If a domain resolved to multiple IP addresses in the past, all these IP addresses are reflected in this column.

	Α	В	C	D	E	F	G	Н	
1	DOMAIN	LAST_UPDATE_TIMESTAMP	IPS						
733	broadband-5-228-162-108.ip.moscow.rt.ru	1564119709	5.228.162.	108					
734	b-group.site	1564118413	31.31.196.	118					
735	biggboss11auditions2017.xyz	1564118836	219.94.224	4.112 49.21	2.124.161				
736	bestof-tgp.com	1564118705	195.56.193	3.78					
737	bedroomblinds.co.uk	1564118628	52.16.25.2	41					
738	blueponds.com	1564119086	45.56.111.	241					
739	bestoflbi.buzz	1564118663	216.15.222	2.111					
740	biggirlproduction.net	1564118748	104.17.202	2.73 104.17	.203.73 104	4.17.204.73	104.17.20	5.73 104.17.	206.73
741	b-internet.176.48.180.10.nsk.rt.ru	1564117719	87.239.45.	231					
742	bko1908.com	1564118845	23.236.62.	147					
743	broadband-188-32-112-12.ip.moscow.rt.ru	1564119689	188.32.112	2.12					
744	broadband-5-228-213-187.nationalcablenet	1564119641	193.227.24	40.131					
745	bonedrone.buzz	1564119193	184.168.22	21.55					

DNS MX Database

DNS MX Database lists domain names and their corresponding mail servers. The file names for this database type begins with "dns_mx_database," and has four columns:



- d: This column contains the domain names found for the selected date.
- du: The date and timestamp when the MX record was last updated is reflected here.
- **pr:** This refers to the priority or preference in which the specific mail server should be used, 1 being the highest priority and 100, the lowest. Setting mail server priority enables load sharing between primary and backup mail servers.
- mx: This column lists the mail server associated with the domain name.



	А	В	С	D	E	F	
1	d	du	pr	mx			
9091	007kitchens.com	1608996526	10	mx00.1an	d1.com		
9092	007kitchens.com	1608996526	10	mx01.1an	d1.com		
9093	007kleening.com	1608996218	10	mx00.ion	os.co.uk		
9094	007kleening.com	1608996218	10	mx01.ion	os.co.uk		
9095	007kn.com	1607645896	10	mx156.ho	stedmxser	ver.com	
9096	007kush.com	1608996469	0	localhost			
9097	007lab.com	1608996183	1	localhost			
9098	007lab.com	1608996183	1	mx247.in-	mx.com		
9099	007lab.com	1608996183	1	mx247.in-	mx.net		
9100	007labs.co.uk	1608996272	10	mxs1.xsm	tpserver.n	et	
9101	007labs.co.uk	1608996272	20	mxs2.xsm	tpserver.n	et	
9102	007lan.com	1604016875	10	mx156.ho	stedmxser	ver.com	
9103	007laohujixiaoyouxi.cryy120	1608996190	1	mail.happ	yisp.com		
9104	007laohujixiaoyouxi.zhycn.c	1608996170	1	mail.happ	mail.happyisp.com		
9105	007law.co.nz	1608996177	10	mx.partne	erconsole.r	net	
9106	007law.co.nz	1608996177	20	mx4.partn	mx4.partnerconsole.		
9107	007leinuo.com	1608996400	10	mx156.ho	stedmxser	ver.com	
9108	007let.com	1608996423	5	mail.007le	et.com		
9109	007liaomendeduchang.pock	1607645642	1	mail.happ	yisp.com		
9110	007liaomendeduchang.zhan	1608996819	1	mail.happ	yisp.com		
9111	007licenseplate.com	1608996274	0	mail.007li	censeplate	e.com	

DNS NS Database

This type of DNS database download helps you map out the NSs associated with a particular domain name. The file names begin with "dns_ns_database," and contain three columns:

- d: Lists all domain names.
- **du:** Contains the date and timestamp of the last update made.



• ns: This column includes the NSs associated with the domains listed in the first column.

	А	В	С	D	E
1	d	du	ns		
658	0-163-129-45.customers.atlantis.it	1608996372	ns1.sedop	arking.con	n
659	0-163-129-45.customers.atlantis.it	1608996372	ns2.sedop	arking.con	n
660	0-169.com	1607646022	ns1.regist	er.it	
661	0-169.com	1607646022	ns2.regist	er.it	
662	0-169.com	1607646022	suspende	d1.plaindn	s.net
663	0-169.com	1607646022	suspende	d2.plaindn	s.net
664	0-18.dk	1608996211	ns01.serva	age.net	
665	0-18.dk	1608996211	ns02.serva	age.net	
666	0-18.dk	1608996211	ns03.serva	age.net	
667	0-18.dk	1608996211	ns04.serva	age.net	
668	0-18.dk	1608996211	ns05.serva	age.net	
669	0-185.biz	1608996286	ns10.wixd	ns.net	
670	0-185.biz	1608996286	ns11.wixd	ns.net	
671	0-186-138.nrttelecom.com.br	1608996430	ns1.nrttel	ecom.com	.br
672	0-186-138.nrttelecom.com.br	1608996430	ns2.nrttel	ecom.com	.br
673	0-18egitimdanismanlik.online	1608996664	ns1.natrol	nost.com	
674	0-18egitimdanismanlik.online	1608996664	ns2.natrol	nost.com	
675	0-18klinik.com	1608996398	ns1.natrol	nost.com	
676	0-18klinik.com	1608996398	ns2.natrol	nost.com	
	a 4a		40 ·		

DNS TXT Database

TXT records contain text information about the domain and may serve several purposes, including domain ownership verification and spam prevention. Our DNS TXT Database (signified by the string "dns_txt_database" in their names) has three columns, namely:

• d: This column lists the domain names.



- du: This refers to the date and timestamp when the TXT record was last updated.
- **txt:** Contains the TXT record detail specified by the domain administrator. If a domain has multiple TXT records, each one is displayed in a different row.

A	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	1	J	K	L	М	N
1 d	du	txt											
8603 0-24automento.hu	1619829675	v=spf1 ip	4:185.111	.89.226 incl	ude:mail.c	panel31.ta	rhelypark.	hu +a +mx	+ip4:185.5	1.67.19 +ip	4:185.51.6	7.22 ~alla.c	online
8604 0-24automento.hu	1619829675	v=spf1 ip	4:185.111	.89.226 incl	ude:mail.c	panel31.ta	rhelypark.	hu +a +mx	+ip4:185.5	1.67.19 +ip	4:185.51.6	7.22 ~allne	
8605 0-24automento.hu	1619829675	v=spf1 ip	4:185.111	.89.226 incl	ude:mail.c	panel31.ta	rhelypark.	hu +a +mx	+ip4:185.5	1.67.19 +ip	4:185.51.6	7.22 ~allnli	ne
8606 0-24automento.hu	1619829675	v=spf1 ip	4:185.111	.89.226 incl	ude:mail.c	panel31.ta	rhelypark.	hu +a +mx	+ip4:185.5	1.67.19 +ip	4:185.51.6	7.22 ~allon	1
8607 0-24automento.hu	1619829675	v=spf1 ip	4:185.111	.89.226 incl	ude:mail.c	panel31.ta	rhelypark.	hu +a +mx	+ip4:185.5	1.67.19 +ip	4:185.51.6	7.22 ~allz p	wc
8608 0-24domain.hu	1619830085	mail.0-24	4domain.h	iu									
8609 0-24domain.hu	1619830085	mail.0-24	4domain.h	u.com									
8610 0-24domain.hu	1619830085	mail.0-24	4domain.h	ucom									
8611 0-24domain.hu	1619830085	mail.0-24	4domain.h	uite									
8612 0-24gazkeszulek.hu	1619742202	v=spf1 a mx ip4:185.6.139.29 a:s029.mailpool.netmask.hu ~all											
8613 0-24gazkeszulek.hu	1619742202	v=spf1 a	mx ip4:18	5.6.139.29	a:s029.mail	pool.netm	ask.hu ~al	Inaws.com					
8614 0-24huto.hu	1619741905	v=spf1 a	mx ip4:18	5.6.139.29a	:{\$servena	me}.mailp	ool.{\$dom	ain} ~all					
8615 0-24mosogatogep.hu	1619741791	v=spf1 a	mx ip4:18	5.6.139.29	a:s029.mail	pool.netm	ask.hu ~al	IV					

DNS CNAME Database

Website administrators can make multiple domains and subdomains point to the same application or page within the same server by setting up CNAME records. Our DNS CNAME Database keeps track of such records to help you see which domains have CNAME records and what domains they point to.

This type of database has the string "dns_cname_database" in their names and has three columns:

- d: This column lists all domain names.
- du: Contains the date and timestamp when the CNAME record was last updated.
- **cname:** Lists the domain that the corresponding domain identified in the first column points to.



	А	В	С	D
1	d	du	cname	
1 <mark>60</mark>	0-171-118-80.escort.fr	1619741872	escort.fr	
161	0-171.rkcom.net	1619742051	comtrance	e.net
162	0-172.rkcom.net	1619741946	comtrance	e.net
163	0-173-227-188.rackcentre.redsta	1619741874	redstation	.com
164	0-174.rkcom.net	1619742711	comtrance	e.net
165	0-176-227-188.rackcentre.redsta	1619742092	redstation	.com
<mark>166</mark>	0-177-243-80.rackcentre.redstati	1619741733	redstation	.com
167	0-177.rkcom.net	1619741774	comtrance	e.net
168	0-178-243-80.rackcentre.redstati	1619741943	redstation	.com
169	0-178.rkcom.net	1619741789	comtrance	e.net
170	0-179-227-188.rackcentre.redsta	1619742033	redstation	.com
171	0-18-200-109.rackcentre.redstati	1619742371	redstation	.com
172	0-18.com.pagesstudy.com	1619741859	pagesstud	y.com
173	0-18.gr.pagesstudy.com	1619741817	pagesstud	y.com
174	0-18.ru.pagesstudy.com	1619742032	pagesstud	y.com
175	0-180-227-188.rackcentre.redsta	1619741722	redstation	.com

DNS SOA Database

This type of database contains the SOA records of domain names that contain administrative details about the zone. File names start with "dns_soa_database," and files have three columns:

- d: Refers to the domain names in the database.
- du: This column contains the date and timestamp when the SOA record was last updated.



• soa: Lists the SOA record associated with the domain indicated in the first column.

	А	В	с	D	E	F	G	н	1	J	к
1	d	du	soa								
9980	0025666.com	1.62E+09	a.dnspod.	.com doma	inadmin.d	nspod.com	n 16159685	25 3600 18	0 1209600 1	.80	
9981	0025678.com	1.62E+09	ns51.dom	aincontrol	.com dns.j	omax.net 2	2021041601	28800 720	0 604800 6	00	
9982	002573.cn.stockir.org	1.62E+09	dns9.park	page.foun	dationapi.	com abuse	.opticaljur	gle.com 2	011062801	3600 900 60	4800 86400
9983	002574.com	1.62E+09	ns1.sedop	oarking.com	n hostmas	ter.sedo.de	e 20180516	01 86400 1	0800 60480	0 86400	
9984	0025787.vip	1.62E+09	ns0.dnsm	adeeasy.co	om dns.dns	smadeeasy	.com 2008	010125 432	00 3600 12	09600 180	
9985	00258.q9module.com	1.62E+09	ns.secure	dnshost.co	om security	.chihost.co	om 201609	1301 3600 1	7200 12096	00 86400	
9986	0025810.com	1.62E+09	ns01.dom	aincontrol	.com dns.j	omax.net 2	2019100601	28800 720	0 604800 6	00	
9987	0025813.com	1.62E+09	ns01.dom	aincontrol	.com dns.j	omax.net 2	2019100601	28800 720	0 604800 6	00	
9988	0025815.com	1.62E+09	ns01.dom	aincontrol	.com dns.j	omax.net 2	2019100601	28800 720	0 604800 6	00	
9989	0025816.com	1.62E+09	ns01.dom	aincontrol	.com dns.j	omax.net 2	2019100601	28800 720	0 604800 6	00	
9990	0025819.com	1.62E+09	ns01.dom	aincontrol	.com dns.j	omax.net 2	2019100601	28800 720	0 604800 6	00	
9991	0025820.com	1.62E+09	ns01.dom	aincontrol	.com dns.j	omax.net 2	2019100601	28800 720	0 604800 6	00	
9992	0025823.com	1.62E+09	ns01.dom	aincontrol	.com dns.j	omax.net 2	2019100601	28800 720	0 604800 6	00	
			•								

DNS Databases in Action: What Attacks Can They Help Prevent?

DNS Hijacking

DNS hijacking or redirection is a type of DNS attack where malicious actors change the victims' DNS settings to redirect them to malicious websites or applications. One example of malware that makes DNS hijacking possible is DNSChanger, which can replace a domain's NS with one that points to a malicious IP address.

DNS databases, specifically DNS NS and A Databases, can help you check which domains have possibly been redirected to malware-carrying IP addresses and NSs.

Malware

Aside from DNS hijacking, threat actors very often use malware, including ransomware, to carry out attacks. Changing the DNS settings of a victim's computer may enable threat actors to plant



data-stealing and -locking malware on their systems.

With a DNS database, security teams can check for domains that resolve to IP addresses associated with ransomware and other malware. For example, in the sample DNS A Database, three domains point to 50[.]63[.]202[.]39, an IP address cited for its involvement in ransomware and other malicious campaigns. These domains are:

- alextandang[.]com
- celltechsvcs[.]com
- youngswagclothes[.]com

The timestamps on the database can provide more context on associations between domains and the malicious IP address.

Spam Campaigns and Email Spoofing

TXT records can be used to enhance email security by making it a space for specifying Sender Policy Framework (SPF) records and Domain-Based Message Authentication, Reporting, and Conformance (DMARC) authentication. Blank TXT records or unspecified SPF records can make a domain vulnerable to spoofing and cause emails to be marked as spam.

We will continue to make our DNS database download services available in easily accessible and consumable formats. Our goal is to help cybersecurity teams, investigators, and researchers identify threats, uncover artifacts, and map out associations between malicious records.